Course Unit Descriptor

Study Programme: Mathematics, Applied Mathematics

Course Unit Title: Decision Theory

Course Unit Code: MB45

Name of Lecturer(s): Ivana Štajner-Papuga

Type and Level of Studies: Master Academic Degree

Course Status (compulsory/elective): elective

Semester (winter/summer): summer

Language of instruction: Serbian

Mode of course unit delivery (face-to-face/distance learning): Face-to-face

Number of ECTS Allocated: 5

Prerequisites: None

Course Aims: Acquiring basic knowledge and skills in classical decision making methods as well as in methods based on

utility functions, aggregation operators and non-additive measures.

Learning Outcomes: Successful students will be able to recognize the type of a problem and to apply techniques

studied during the course.

## Syllabus:

- Decision Process -the standard representation
- Decision-making under uncertainty
- Decision-making under risk
- Utility function Von Neuman-Morgenstern theory
- Aggregation operators
- Non-additive measures

## **Required Reading:**

- 1. M. Peterson, An Introduction to Decision Theory. Cambridge University Press, 2009 -selected chapters
- 2. M. Grabisch, J. L. Marichal, R. Mesiar, E. Pap, Aggregation Functions, Cambridge University Press, Encyclopedia of Mathematics and Its Applications 127, 2009 –selected chapters
- 3. M. Grabisch, H.T. Nguyen, E.A. Walker. Fundamentals of Uncertainty Calculi, with Applications to Fuzzy Inference. Kluwer Academic, 1995 –selected chapters

4. E. Pap, Fazi mere i njihova primena, Univerzitet u Novom Sadu, PMF, Novi Sad, 1999. –selected chapters

Weekly Contact Hours: 4	Lectures: 2	Practical work: 2

**Teaching Methods:** classical teaching method - lectures and exercises; students' presentations of their team work on selected subjects.

selected subjects.

Knowledge Assessment (maximum of 100 points): 100				
Pre-exam obligations	points	Final exam	points	
Active class		written exam		
participation				
Practical work		oral exam		
Preliminary exam(s)				
Seminar	60	Seminar presentation	40	
The methods of knowledge assessment may differ; the table presents only some of the options: written exam, oral exam,				

project presentation, seminars, etc.