Course Unit Descriptor

Study Programme: Organic agriculture

Course Unit Title: Soil science

Course Unit Code: 19.URV007

Name of Lecturer(s): Vladimir I. Ciric, Associate professor

Type and Level of Studies: Bachelor Academic Degree

Course Status (compulsory/elective): Compulsory

Semester (winter/summer): Summer

Language of instruction: English

Mode of course unit delivery (face-to-face/distance learning): Face-to-face

Number of ECTS Allocated: 6

Prerequisites: None

Course Aims:

This course is designed to introduce students with properties of soil, processes of genesis, evolution, causes of variability and laws of geographical distribution of land cover, as well as classification of soil.

Learning Outcomes:

After passing this course, students will expand knowledge of soil science that will allow them to understand problems related to soil in intensive agriculture.

Syllabus:

Theory: Introduction lecture, Minerals and rocks as a material for soil forming, Morphological properties of soil, Physical properties of soil, Chemical properties of soil, Soil as a dispersion system, Mechanical composition of soil, Clay, Organic matter, Soil colloids, Organo-mineral complex, Porosity, Water and water properties of soil, Heat and thermal properties of soil, Air and air conditions of soil, Elements that are part of pedosphere, Sorption capacity, Soil solution, Reaction (pH), Acidity and alkalinity of soil, Buffer capacity and oxidation-reduction potential, Biological properties of soil, Genesis of soil, Systematisation and classification of soil

Practice: Primary– petrogene and secondary minerals, Igneous rocks, Sedimentary rocks, Metamorphic rocks, Field research of soil, Soil density, Mechanical composition of soil, Water permeability and capillary rise, Soil plasticity, Determination of humus in soil, Determination of CaCO3, Determination of active soil acidity, Determination of potential soil acidity and required amount of lime agent for improvement of acidic soils, Determination of characteristic of adsorption complex, Determination of easily soluble salts in soil and required amount of gypsum for improvement of alkaline soils. Field work: Introduction of different parent materials and profiles of the most common soil types in Vojvodina.

Required Reading:

- 1. Aleksandar Kukin, Vladimir Hadžić, Ljiljana Nešić, Milivoj Belić: Agrogeologija, Poljoprivredni fakultet, Novi Sad, 2007.
- 2. Nikola Miljković: Osnovi Pedologije, Prirodno-matematički fakultet, Novi Sad 1996.
- 3. Aleksandar R. Đorđević, Svjetlana B. Radmanović: Poljoprivredni fakultet, Beograd 2016.
- 4. Goran J. Dugalić, Boško A. Gajić: Pedologija, Univerzitet u Kragujevcu, Agronomski fakultet, Čačak, 2012.
- 5. Milivoj Belić, Ljiljana Nešić, Vladimir Ćirić: Praktikum iz pedologije, Poljoprivredni fakultet Novi Sad, 2014.
- 6. R. E. White: Principles and practice of soil science. Blackwell publishing, 2006.
- 7. M.R. Ashman and G. Puri: Essential soil science, Blackwell publishing, 2006.

Weekly Contact Hours:		Lectures: 4		Practical work: 2	
Teaching Methods:					
Lectures, Practice/ Pract	ical class	es, Consultations,	study		
Knowledge Assessmen	t (maxim	um of 100 points):		
Pre-exam obligations	points		Final exam	points	
Active class	10		witten even	20	
participation	10		written exam	30	
Practical work	10		oral exam	30	
Preliminary exam(s)	20				
Seminar(s)					
The methods of knowled	ige assess	ment may differ;	the table presents	only some of the options: written exam, oral exam,	